

		अवश्यक ही न तन्काय सुनने हुए।
		(ii) पीड़ित व बच्चों की शिक्षा और उनके भरण-पोषण का पूरा खर्च। बच्चों को आश्रम के विद्यालयों या अवासीय विद्यालयों में दाखिल किया जाए।
		(iii) तीन मास की अवधि तक के लिए बतेना, चावल, गेहू, दाने, दालहन आदि की व्यवस्था।
22	पूर्णतया नष्ट करना या जला हुआ मकान।	जहां मकान को जला दिया गया है या नष्ट किया गया हो। वहां सरकार के खर्च पर ईंट-पत्थर के मकान का निर्माण किया जाए या उसकी व्यवस्था की जाए।

[फा सं.-11012/03/2013-पी सी आर (डेस्क)]

संजीव कुमार, संयुक्त सचिव

टिप्पण : मूल नियम को भारत के राजपत्र, असाधारण अधिसूचना संख्यांक सा का नि. 316(अ), तारीख 31-मार्च, 1995 को प्रकाशित किए गए थे और अधिसूचना सा का नि. 896(अ), तारीख 23 दिसंबर, 2011 द्वारा उसका पश्चात्पूर्ती संशोधन किया गया।

MINISTRY OF SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT

(Department of Social Justice and Empowerment)

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 23rd June, 2014

G.S.R. 416 (E).—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 23 of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 (33 of 1989), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Rules, 1995, namely:—

1.(1) These rules may be called the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) (Amendment) Rules, 2014.

(2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.

2. In the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Rules, 1995, for the Schedule and Annexure-I, the following Schedule and Annexure-I shall be substituted, namely:—

**“SCHEDULE
ANNEXURE-I
[see rule 12(4)]
NORMS FOR RELIEF AMOUNT**

Sl No (1)	Name of the Offence (2)	Minimum amount of Relief (3)
1	Drink or eat inedible or obnoxious substance [Section 3(1)(i)]	Ninety thousand rupees or more depending upon the nature and gravity of the offence to each victim and also commensurate with the indignity, insult, injury and defamation suffered by the victim
2	Causing injury insult or annoyance [Section 3(1)(ii)]	Payment to be made as follows -
3	Derogatory act [Sec 3(1)(iii)]	I 25 per cent when the charge sheet is sent to the court II 75 per cent when accused are convicted by the lower court
4	Wrongful occupation or cultivation of land, etc. [Section 3(1)(iv)]	At least Ninety thousand rupees or more depending upon the nature and gravity of the offence. The land or premises or water supply shall be restored where necessary at Government cost. Full payment to be made when charge-sheet is sent to the court
5	Relating to land, premises and water [Section 3(1)(v)]	
6	Begar or forced or bonded labour [Section 3(1)(vi)]	At least Ninety thousand rupees to each victim Payment of 25 per cent at First Information Report stage and 75 per cent on conviction in the lower court
7	Relating to right to franchise [Section 3(1)(vii)]	Upto Seventy five thousand rupees to each victim depending upon the nature and gravity of the offence
8	False, malicious or vexatious legal	Ninety thousand rupees or reimbursement of actual legal expenses and damages or

	proceedings [Section 3(1)(viii)]	whichever is less after conclusion of the trial of the accused
9	False and frivolous information [Section 3(1)(ix)]	
10	Insult, intimidation and humiliation [Section 3(1)(x)]	Upto Ninety thousand rupees to each victim depending upon the nature of offence. Payment of 25 per cent when charge sheet is sent to the court and 50 per cent on conviction
11	Outraging the modesty of a woman [Section 3(1)(xi)]	One lakh eighty thousand rupees to each victim of the offence. 50 per cent of amount may be paid after medical examination and remaining 50 per cent at conclusion of the trial
12	Sexual exploitation of a woman [Section 3(1)(xii)]	
13	Fouling of water [Section 3(1)(xiii)]	Upto Three lakh seventy five thousand rupees or full cost of restoration of water facility, including cleaning when the water is fouled. Payment may be made at the stage as deemed fit by District Administration
14	Denial of customary rights of passage [Section 3(1)(xiv)]	Upto Three lakh seventy five thousand or full cost of restoration of right of passage and full compensation of the loss suffered, if any. Payment of 50 per cent when charge sheet is sent to the court and 50 per cent on conviction in lower court
15	Making one desert place of residence [Section 3(1)(xv)]	Restoration of the site or right to stay and compensation of Ninety thousand rupees to each victim and reconstruction of the house at Government cost, if destroyed. To be paid in full when charge sheet is sent to the lower court
16	Giving false evidence [Section 3(2)(i) and (ii)]	At least Three lakh seventy five thousand rupees or full - compensation of the loss or harm sustained. 50 per cent to be paid when charge sheet is sent to Court and 50 per cent on conviction by the lower court
17	Committing offences under the Indian Penal Code punishable with imprisonment for a term of ten years or more [Section 3(2)(v)]	At least One lakh eighty thousand rupees depending upon the nature and gravity of the offence to each victim and or his dependents. The amount shall vary if specifically otherwise provided in the Schedule
18	Victimization at the hands of a public servant [Section 3(2)(vii)]	Same as the compensation payable, if the accused was not a public servant
19	Disability. The definition of disability shall be as given in section 2 of the Persons With Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Rights and Full Participation) Act, 1995, and guidelines for their assessment shall be as contained in the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Government of India Notification No. 154, dated the 1 st June, 2001, as amended from time to time. A copy of the notification is at Annexure - II to the Schedule. (a) 100 per cent incapacitation (i) Non-earning Member of a family (ii) Earning Member of a family (b) Where incapacitation is less than 100 per cent	At least Three lakh seventy five thousand rupees to each victim of offence. 50 per cent on First Information Report and 25 per cent at charge sheet and 25 per cent on conviction by the lower court. At least Seven lakh fifty thousand rupees to each victim of offence, 50 per cent to be paid on First Information Report or Medical examination stage, 25 per cent when charge-sheet sent to court and 25 per cent at conviction in lower court. Provided that an amount of not less than sixty thousand rupees from the amount payable to non-earning member of a family and an amount of not less than one lakh twenty thousand rupees from the amount payable to an earning member of a family may be reduced.
20	Murder or Death (a) Non-earning Member of a family (b) Earning Member of a family	At least three lakh seventy five thousand rupees to each case. Payment of 75 per cent after postmortem and 25 per cent on conviction by the lower court. At least Seven lakh fifty thousand rupees to each case. Payment of 75 per cent after postmortem and 25 per cent on conviction by the lower court
21	Victim of murder, death, massacre, rape, mass rape and gang rape, permanent incapacitation and dacoity	In addition to relief amounts paid under above items, relief may be arranged within three months of date of atrocity as follows - (i) Pension to each widow and / or other dependents of deceased Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes @ Four thousand five hundred rupees per month, or employment to one member of the family of the deceased, or provision of agricultural land, an house, if necessary by outright purchase. (ii) Full cost of the education and maintenance of the children of the victims. Children may be admitted to Ashram Schools or residential schools

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